# Concepts, Tools, and Processes

The Afterschool Experience—Taking it to the Streets
November 9 & 10, 2005

Kira Krenichyn, ActKnowledge kkrenichyn@actknowledge.org



# Goals for Today:

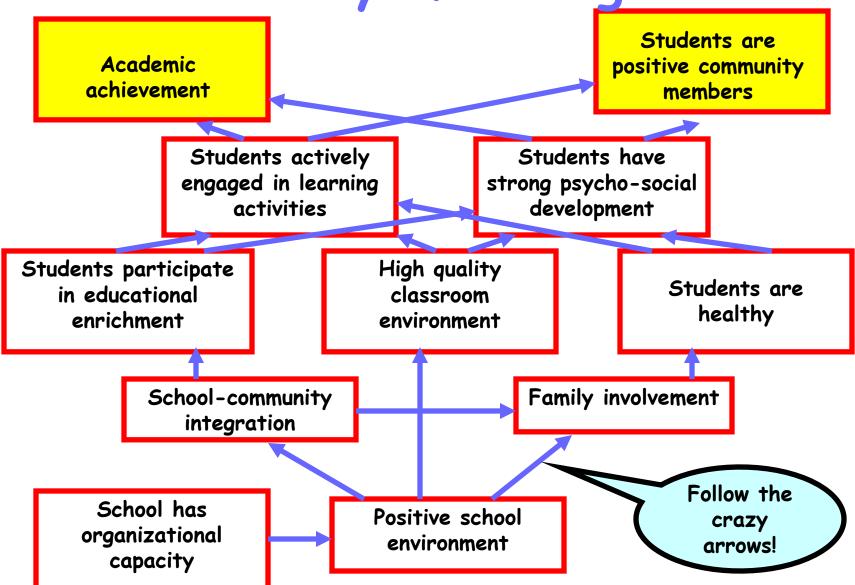
How can programs use information that they collect in evaluation?

What are some ways that you can involve stakeholders, including youth, in evaluation (and what are some potential problems)?

# Your beliefs about how and why desired changes will occur For:

PLANNING EVALUATION

### Theory of Change



#### M

# Some Key Concepts:

- Outcome ultimate effects of a program, e.g. students read at grade level, students enjoy school (outcomes don't happen all at once; there are preconditions)
- Output immediate measure of what the program did, e.g. 100 youth attended
- Indicator evidence that shows the outcome has been reached, e.g. test scores, school engagement scales
- Research Question what do you want to learn?

#### м

#### Some Sources of Data:

- NYSAN's Program Quality Self-Assessment Tool quantitative & qualitative data
- Data management systems e.g., level of program attendance relates to increases on state reading & math levels, participation in different activities leads to ...
- Focus groups in-depth qualitative data on one group's experiences
- Youth projects action research, skits, mapping

#### М

# How Can Youth Participate?

- How would a student define success? (theorydriven evaluation)
- Allow youth to define and understand the problem and methods
- Use creative and appropriate methods
- Develop relationships among adults, youth, and subgroups of youth



## Some questions...

- Who is currently involved in evaluating and reporting, how are they involved?
- What information do you already gather that you can use to answer your research questions?
- What are the realities (relations, resources, politics)?